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DATE MAILED: 07/03/2002

| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|--|---------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| 09/420,208 | 10/18/1999 | SHANE HERMAN | CSCO-48061 | 2479 | |
| 75 | 90 07/03/2002 | | | | |
| WAGNER MURABITO & HAO LLP | | | EXAM | EXAMINER | |
| TWO NORTH MARKET STREET THIRD FLOOR SAN JOSE, CA 95113 | | | NGUYEN, CHAU T | | |
| | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | | | 2152 | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| 111 | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (4 | 09/420,208 | HERMAN ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | Chau Nguyen | 2152 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 C | <u> October 1999</u> . | | | | | |
| 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi | is action is non-final. | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-32</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | r election requirement. | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep | oted or b)⊡ objected to by the Exar | miner. | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | | | | | | |
| 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on | | ved by the Examiner. | | | | |
| If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. | | | | | | |
| 12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | | | | | | |
| 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | | | |
| a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | | | | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
| 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application). | | | | | | |
| a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) | 5) 🔲 Notice of Informal F | (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152) | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-32 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

3. Claims 1, 4-9, 11, 13-15, 18-22, 24-25 and 28-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being unpatentable by Pallmann, Patent No. 6,094,684.

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4. As to claim 1, Pallmann teaches the invention as claimed, a method for a local

computer system to control a remote system over the Internet, comprising the steps of:

initiating a log-in procedure by the local computer system (col. 9, lines 10-65);

verifying whether a user is authorized to access the remote system (col. 9, lines

10-65);

accepting a command from an authorized user by the local computer system

(col. 9, lines 10-65);

executing the command through a File Transfer Protocol to perform a function on

the remote system (col. 9, line 49 – col. 10, line 10).

5. As to claim 4, Pallmann teaches the step of logging user commands for each

session (col. 9, lines 10-65).

6. As to claim 5, Pallmann teaches the step of issuing a single script from the local

computer system to command the remote system and to upload data to the remote

system (Abstract, col. 9, lines 55-65, and col. 11, lines 1-25).

7. As to claim 6, Pallmann teaches the data uploaded to the remote system is used

to update or configure the software running on the remote system (col. 20, lines 47-63).

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8. As to claim 7, Pallmann teaches the step of issuing a single script from the local

computer system to command the remote system and to download data from the

remote system (Abstract and col. 9, lines 55-65).

9. As to claim 8, Pallmann teaches the data downloaded from the remote system

comprises a software program (Abstract and col. 27, lines 33-54).

10. As to claim 9, Pallmann teaches the step of issuing command-line interface calls

from a web-based graphical user interface (Fig. 13 and Fig. 30).

11. As to claim 11, Pallmann teaches the remote system is comprised of a server

computer (col. 10, lines 11-26).

12. As to claim 13, Pallmann teaches the step of managing a plurality of remote

systems from a single web-based control point (col. 10, lines 11-26).

13. As to claim 14, Pallmann teaches the step of transmitting both commands and

content through a same IP port of the remote system (col. 8, lines 29-49).

14. As to claim 15, Pallmann teaches a server computer comprising:

an IP port which accepts FTP commands from a client computer system (col. 8,

lines 29-56);

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a processor coupled to the IP port which executes the FTP commands (col. 5,

line 47 – col. 6, line 16; col. 6, lines 45-60; and col. 8, lines 29-49);

a first memory coupled to the processor which contains a file system (Abstract);

a first memory coupled to the processor for storing an operating system, wherein

a remote user issuing the FTP commands from the client computer can administer the

file system (col. 44, lines 46-64).

15. As to claim 18, Pallmann teaches a memory coupled to the processor for storing

changes made during a session (col. 12, lines 21-33 and col. 19, lines 24-37).

16. Claims 19-22, 24-25 and 28-32 are corresponding system and product claims

containing the similar limitations as the methods described in claims 1, 4-9, 11, 13-15

and 18; therefore, they are rejected under the same rationale.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 17. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 18. Claims 2-3, 16-17, and 26-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pallmann and further in view of Blum et al, Patent No. 6,182,141.
- 19. As to claim 2, Pallmann teaches the steps of:

issuing the command through the web browser on the local computer system (col. 8, line 57 – col. 9, line 65);

transmitting the command as HyperText Transfer Protocol over the Internet (col. 8, line 57 – col. 9, line 65);

However, Pallmann does not teach processing the HyperText Transfer Protocol command into a File Transfer Protocol command and forwarding the File Transfer Protocol command to the remote system. Blum teaches a request such as an FTP request is encapsulated within HTTP by an encapsulation routine before reaching a proxy server, and the proxy server must then strip the FTP request from the HTTP

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encapsulation before making a connection over the Internet in native FTP mode (col. 1,

line 58 - col. 2, line 11). Since Blum teaches these limitations in an environment such

as a computer system for communicating with a remote server through the Internet

which is similar to the system of Pallmann, thus, it would have been obvious to one of

ordinary skill in the Data Processing art at the time of the invention to combine the

teachings of Pallmann and Blum to include processing the HyperText Transfer Protocol

command into a File Transfer Protocol command and forwarding the File Transfer

Protocol command to the remote system in order to provide a number of benefits.

20. As to claim 3, Pallmann-Blum teach the File Transfer Protocol command includes

one of the commands for file creation, directory creation, file change, file removal, Unix

file mode, user ownership change, group ownership change, and security permission

(Pallmann, col. 14, lines 23-40).

21. Claims 16-17 and 26-27 are corresponding system and product claims containing

the similar limitations as the methods described in claims 2-3; therefore, they are

rejected under the same rationale.

22. Claims 10 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Pallmann and further in view of Bowman-Amuah, Patent No. 6,332,163.

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23. As to claim 10, Pallmann teaches the limitations as discussed above. However, Pallmann does not teach multiple users on a plurality of client computers access the remote system through a single log in. Bowman-Amuah teaches a system that allows users to access services and resources with a single log in regardless of where the user location is or where the resource location is (col. 64, lines 7-27). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the Data Processing art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Pallmann and Bowman-Amuah to include multiple users on a plurality of client computers access the remote system through a single login in order to make the system more efficient.

- 24. Claim 23 is corresponding system claim containing the similar limitations as the method described in claim 10; therefore, it is rejected under the same rationale.
- 25. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pallmann and further in view of Sridhar et al, Patent No. 6,324,582.
- 26. As to claim 12, Pallmann teaches the limitations as discussed above. However, Pallmann does not teach the remote system is a router. Sridhar teaches client and server computers are coupled to the Internet (handled by the Internet Protocol), which is connected by routers that forward packets towards their destinations (col. 1, lines 43-61 and col. 2, lines 27-42). Sridhar also teaches application layer protocols for file transfer, FTP (file transfer protocol), and for web page access, HTTP (hyper-text transfer

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protocol) for the system (col. 3, lines 5-13). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the Data Processing art at the time of the invention to combine the teachings of Pallmann and Sridhar to include routers in a remote in order to make the system more efficient.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chau Nguyen whose telephone number is (703) 305-4639. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:30am to 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Mark Rinehart, can be reached at (703) 305-4815.

The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application is assigned are as follows:

(703) 746-7238 (After Final Communications only)

(703) 746-7239 (Official Communications)

(703) 746-7240(for Official Status Inquiries, Draft Communications only)

Inquiries of a general nature relating to the general status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the 2100 Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Chau Nguyen Patent Examiner Art Unit 2152

> LE HIEN LUU PRIMARY EXAMINER

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